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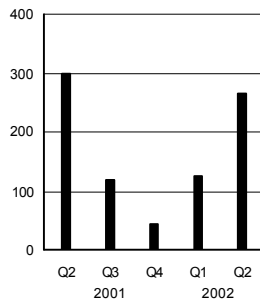
For Immediate Release
August 1, 2002LOOKING BEYOND
THE HORIZON

Wenchang FPSO

Husky Energy Inc. Reports Solid Financial Results; Major Projects Commence Contribution to Production

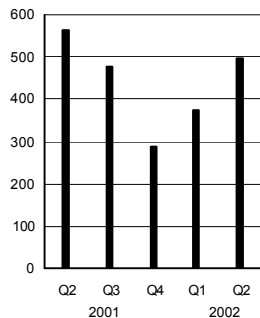
Net Earnings

(\$ millions – 2001 amounts as restated)



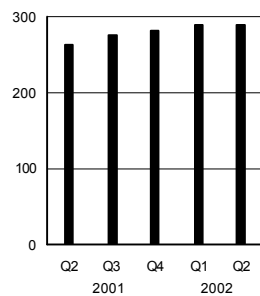
Cash Flow from Operations

(\$ millions)



Total Production

(mboe/day)



Calgary, Alberta – Husky Energy Inc. (“Husky”) today reported net earnings of \$263 million (\$0.64 per share) in the second quarter of 2002, compared to \$299 million (\$0.73 per share) in the same quarter of 2001. Cash flow from operations in the second quarter of 2002 was \$498 million (\$1.17 per share) compared to \$561 million (\$1.32 per share) in the same quarter of 2001. Net earnings rose 109 percent and cash flow rose 34 percent compared to the first quarter of 2002. Net earnings of \$254 million for the second quarter of 2001 have been restated to \$299 million to reflect adoption of the recommendations of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants on foreign currency translation.

Net earnings in the second quarter of 2002 were down from the same period last year mainly due to lower natural gas prices, scheduled turnaround-related throughput reductions at the Lloydminster Upgrader and lower marketing margins in the refined products business. Net earnings were positively impacted by a nine percent increase in production, which averaged 288,900 barrels of oil equivalent per day in the second quarter compared to 264,000 barrels of oil equivalent per day in the same quarter last year, higher prices on crude oil production, a foreign exchange gain on the Company’s U.S. dollar denominated debt and a lower income tax provision.

“This was the first full quarter of production contribution from Terra Nova,” said Mr. John C.S. Lau, President and Chief Executive Officer of Husky. “In addition, first oil was achieved at the Wenchang project in the South China Sea in July which will add oil production and cash flow in the future. We continue to make progress on the White Rose offshore project.”

Husky’s net earnings for the first six months of 2002 were \$389 million (\$0.93 per share), compared to \$491 million (\$1.15 per share) for the same period in 2001. Cash flow from operations for the first six months of 2002 was \$871 million (\$2.04 per share), compared to \$1,181 million (\$2.79 per share) for the same period in 2001. Lower net earnings and cash flow reflect lower natural gas prices, which were partially offset by higher crude oil prices.

First oil was achieved at the Wenchang offshore project on July 7, 2002. Husky has a 40 percent working interest in Wenchang. The peak production is expected to be 50,000 barrels of oil per day. The project is anticipated to add an annual average 8,000 barrels of oil per day to Husky’s production in 2002 and 20,000 barrels of oil per day when it reaches peak production. Production from the Wenchang project has to-date exceeded expectations.

Lloydminster heavy crude oil production increased during the second quarter of 2002 to an average of 76,900 barrels of oil per day from 60,300 barrels of oil per day in the same period in 2001 due to the 2001/2002 drilling program, well optimization program, higher cold production and the acquisition of the Bolney/Celtic properties in the third quarter of 2001.

| Highlights | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------------|---------------------|----------|--------------------------|---------------------|----------|
| | Three months ended June 30 | | | Six months ended June 30 | | |
| | 2002 | 2001 ⁽¹⁾ | % Change | 2002 | 2001 ⁽¹⁾ | % Change |
| <i>(millions of dollars, except per share amounts)</i> | | | | | | |
| Sales and operating revenues, net of royalties | \$ 1,659 | \$ 1,731 | ↓ 4 | \$ 3,018 | \$ 3,511 | ↓ 14 |
| EBITDA ⁽²⁾ | 599 | 647 | ↓ 7 | 1,030 | 1,229 | ↓ 16 |
| Cash flow from operations | 498 | 561 | ↓ 11 | 871 | 1,181 | ↓ 26 |
| Per share - Basic | 1.18 | 1.33 | ↓ 11 | 2.05 | 2.80 | ↓ 27 |
| - Diluted | 1.17 | 1.32 | ↓ 11 | 2.04 | 2.79 | ↓ 27 |
| Operating profit ("EBIT") ⁽³⁾ | | | | | | |
| Upstream | \$ 262 | \$ 247 | | \$ 421 | \$ 615 | |
| Midstream | 46 | 128 | | 133 | 234 | |
| Refined Products | 22 | 44 | | 32 | 54 | |
| Corporate and eliminations | (19) | (18) | | (57) | (39) | |
| Foreign exchange | 65 | 50 | | 57 | (23) | |
| Operating profit ("EBIT") | 376 | 451 | | 586 | 841 | |
| Interest - net | (24) | (26) | | (51) | (54) | |
| Income taxes | (89) | (126) | | (146) | (296) | |
| Net earnings | \$ 263 | \$ 299 | ↓ 12 | \$ 389 | \$ 491 | ↓ 21 |
| Per share - Basic | \$ 0.64 | \$ 0.74 | ↓ 14 | \$ 0.93 | \$ 1.15 | ↓ 19 |
| - Diluted | 0.64 | 0.73 | ↓ 12 | 0.93 | 1.15 | ↓ 19 |
| Dividend paid per share | 0.09 | 0.09 | - | 0.18 | 0.18 | - |
| Daily production, before royalties | | | | | | |
| Light/medium crude oil & NGL <i>(mbbls/day)</i> | 116.6 | 108.6 | ↑ 7 | 117.1 | 112.0 | ↑ 5 |
| Lloydminster heavy crude oil <i>(mbbls/day)</i> | 76.9 | 60.3 | ↑ 28 | 76.9 | 58.6 | ↑ 31 |
| Natural gas <i>(mmcf/day)</i> | 571.8 | 570.8 | - | 569.0 | 577.4 | ↓ 1 |
| Barrels of oil equivalent (6:1) <i>(mboe/day)</i> | 288.9 | 264.0 | ↑ 9 | 288.8 | 266.8 | ↑ 8 |

⁽¹⁾ 2001 amounts as restated. Refer to note 3 to the consolidated financial statements.

⁽²⁾ Earnings from operations before interest, income taxes and depletion, depreciation and amortization. Refer to note 1 to the consolidated financial statements for derivation of this number.

⁽³⁾ Earnings from operations before interest and income taxes.

Highlights

UPSTREAM Production

Husky's production during the second quarter of 2002 averaged 289 mboe/day, an increase of nine percent over the second quarter of 2001. Higher production of light/medium crude oil and NGL was due to production from the Terra Nova oil field, which achieved first oil on January 20, 2002, which offset lower production of light/medium crude oil and NGL from Western Canada. Production from Terra Nova averaged 15 mbbls/day (net to Husky) during the second quarter of 2002. Lloydminster heavy crude oil production increased by 28 percent in the second quarter of 2002 as a result of the 2001/2002 drilling program, well optimization program, higher cold production and the acquisition of the Bolney/Celtic properties in third quarter 2001. Natural gas production increased marginally as new well tie-ins from the winter shallow gas program in northwest Alberta offset natural declines. Light/medium crude oil production from operations in Western Canada decreased during the second quarter of 2002 compared with the second quarter of 2001 as a result of natural declines, higher turnaround and maintenance activity and reduced drilling and workovers as a result of an extended spring breakup.

Development drilling during the second quarter of 2002 resulted in 112 net oil wells (second quarter 2001 - 129 net wells) and 10 net natural gas wells (second quarter 2001 - 17 net wells) in Western Canada with a success rate of 95 percent.

Stage 1 of the Bolney/Celtic six mbbls/day heavy oil thermal expansion project is progressing as planned with start-up scheduled for the fourth quarter of 2002. The drilling of eight horizontal steam assisted gravity drainage wells was completed and materials for a steam pipeline are on site. Regulatory approvals have been received for Stage 1 and construction contracts have been awarded.

Exploration

Western Canada

During the second quarter of 2002, 25 net exploratory wells were drilled resulting in six net oil wells and 18 net natural gas wells, a 96 percent success rate. Husky's exploration activity will be concentrated in the winter-only access areas of northeast British Columbia, the foothills along the eastern slopes of the Rocky Mountains and the Deep Basin portion of Western Canada. Planning for the 2002/2003 winter exploration drilling program is underway.

Trepassey

Husky announced in June that it was proceeding with its East Coast exploration drilling program. Drilling on the Trepassey Exploration Licence (EL 1044) in the Jeanne d'Arc Basin commenced in July, 2002. The exploration well will test the oil potential of a large structure located approximately 10 kilometres south of the White Rose oil field and 350 kilometres east of Newfoundland.

Major Project Update

East Coast, Canada

Terra Nova

Production from the Terra Nova oil field commenced in January, 2002. Husky's share of production averaged more than 15 mbbls/day during the second quarter. Husky has a 12.51 percent working interest in the project.

White Rose

Progress continues to be made on the White Rose Project. In April, the Company announced it had awarded the contract to build the White Rose floating production, storage and offloading ("FPSO") hull to Samsung Heavy Industries. SBM IMODCO was awarded the contract for the design and fabrication of the turret and mooring system for

the FPSO. Aker Maritime Kiewit Contractors was awarded the contract to design and build the topsides for the FPSO.

In June, the Company announced time charter contracts had been signed with Knutsen OAS Shipping A.S. for two newbuild shuttle tankers to transport oil from the White Rose FPSO to market. Each vessel will have a one million barrel capacity.

International Offshore - China

Wenchang

First oil was achieved at the Wenchang development project in the South China Sea on July 7, 2002. Husky has a 40 percent interest in the project. Oil production at Wenchang is expected to average 20 mbbls/day (eight mbbls/day - net to Husky) in 2002 and reach a peak of 50 mbbls/day (20 mbbls/day - net to Husky) in 2003.

Oil Sands - Alberta

Kearl

Evaluation of the in-situ bitumen potential at Kearl is ongoing and further stratigraphic test wells are planned for the 2002/2003 drilling season. Work on site at Kearl was deferred during the second quarter due to a forest fire and has now resumed. An environmental impact assessment will be started in the third quarter of 2002.

Tucker

Development planning on the Tucker oil sands property commenced in the second quarter of 2002. The public disclosure process will proceed in the third quarter of 2002 followed by on site testing and detailed engineering design.

MIDSTREAM

Second quarter 2002 sales of synthetic crude oil from the Lloydminster Upgrader averaged 51.3 mbbls/day, as compared with 65.6 mbbls/day in the second quarter of 2001. Lower production at the upgrader in the second quarter of 2002 was due to a scheduled full plant turnaround. The upgrader was shutdown for 16 days in June for this major maintenance program.

REFINED PRODUCTS

During the first half of 2002, sales of motor fuel per retail outlet increased to average 8,100 litres per day from 7,400 litres per day in the same period of 2001.

Forty-two Store Point systems were installed in the second quarter bringing the total number of systems installed to ninety. Store Point is a fully integrated point of sale system that includes scanning, pay at the pump and integrated accounting functions.

During the second quarter of 2002, the first new Husky Market store was commissioned. The Husky Market store model is designed to meet the challenges evolving in the retail gasoline and convenience store industry. The new outlets will present an appearance that is inviting, bright, clean and modern combined with convenient layout and superior products and service. Husky plans to rollout the Husky Market store model progressively over the next several years.

Management's Discussion & Analysis

The following management's discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the unaudited consolidated financial statements of the Company for the six months ended June 30, 2002 and the audited consolidated financial statements and management's discussion and analysis for the year ended December 31, 2001, as restated. All dollar amounts are in millions of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise indicated.

The calculation of barrels of oil equivalent ("boe") and thousands of cubic feet equivalent ("mcf") are based on a conversion rate of six thousand cubic feet of natural gas for one barrel of crude oil. All

comparisons refer to the second quarter of 2002 compared with the second quarter of 2001 and the first six months of 2002 compared with the first six months of 2001, unless otherwise indicated.

Management's Discussion and Analysis contains certain terms such as Earnings before interest, taxes, depletion, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA"), Earnings before interest and taxes ("Operating profit" or "EBIT") and cash flow from operations. These measurements should not be considered an alternative to, or more meaningful than, net earnings or cash flow from operating activities as determined in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") as indicators of the Company's financial performance or liquidity. Husky's determination of EBITDA, EBIT and cash flow from operations may not be comparable to those reported by other companies. EBITDA, EBIT and cash flow from operations represent measurements of financial performance to which each reporting business segment is responsible. The other items required to arrive at net earnings or cash flow are considered to be corporate in nature.

| Quarterly Comparison ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | |
|--|----------|--------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| | June 30 | Three months ended | | | |
| | | March 31 | Dec. 31 | Sept. 30 | June 30 |
| | 2002 | 2002 | 2001 | 2001 | 2001 |
| Sales and operating revenues, net of royalties | \$ 1,659 | \$ 1,359 | \$ 1,615 | \$ 1,470 | \$ 1,731 |
| EBITDA | 599 | 431 | 302 | 451 | 647 |
| Cash flow from operations | 498 | 373 | 287 | 478 | 561 |
| Per share - Basic | 1.18 | 0.88 | 0.67 | 1.13 | 1.33 |
| - Diluted | 1.17 | 0.87 | 0.66 | 1.12 | 1.32 |
| Net earnings | 263 | 126 | 45 | 118 | 299 |
| Per share - Basic | 0.64 | 0.29 | 0.09 | 0.25 | 0.74 |
| - Diluted | 0.64 | 0.29 | 0.09 | 0.24 | 0.73 |
| Daily production, before royalties | | | | | |
| Light/medium crude oil & NGL (mbbls/day) | 116.6 | 117.5 | 111.3 | 112.7 | 108.6 |
| Lloydminster heavy crude oil (mbbls/day) | 76.9 | 76.9 | 75.0 | 69.1 | 60.3 |
| Natural gas (mmcf/day) | 571.8 | 566.0 | 568.7 | 567.1 | 570.8 |
| Barrels of oil equivalent (6:1) (mboe/day) | 288.9 | 288.7 | 281.1 | 276.3 | 264.0 |

⁽¹⁾ 2001 amounts as restated. Refer to note 3 to the consolidated financial statements.

Second quarter 2002 net earnings of \$263 million (\$0.64 per share - basic & diluted) were 109 percent higher than the \$126 million (\$0.29 per share - basic & diluted) reported for the first quarter of 2002. The higher earnings were due to higher prices for crude oil, NGL, and natural gas, higher upgrading differential, higher sales volume and margins for light oil refined products and asphalt products, foreign exchange gains and lower interest expense. These positive factors were partially offset by lower upgrader throughput due to a 16 day scheduled turnaround, lower income from infrastructure activities, higher depletion, depreciation and amortization expense and higher income tax expense.

The upstream operations produced 289 mboe/day during the second quarter of 2002, the same as in the first quarter of 2002. Natural gas production increased to 572 mmcf/day from 566 mmcf/day in the first quarter of 2002.

UPDATED 2002 PRODUCTION FORECAST

Husky has updated its production forecast for 2002. Husky anticipates that 2002 production will average between 295 and 315 mboe/day. Production of light and medium crude oil and NGL is anticipated to average between 125 and 135 mbbls/day. Lloydminster heavy crude oil production is estimated to average between 77 and 80 mbbls/day. Natural gas production is estimated to average between 570 and 600 mmcf/day.

| Industry Conditions | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|----------|--------------------------|----------|
| | | Three months ended June 30 | | Six months ended June 30 | |
| <i>Benchmark Prices (averages)</i> | | 2002 | 2001 | 2002 | 2001 |
| West Texas Intermediate ("WTI") | (U.S. \$/bbl) | \$ 26.25 | \$ 27.96 | \$ 23.95 | \$ 28.34 |
| NYMEX natural gas | (U.S. \$/mmbtu) | \$ 3.37 | \$ 4.78 | \$ 2.88 | \$ 6.03 |
| AECO natural gas | (\$/GJ) | \$ 4.19 | \$ 6.85 | \$ 3.68 | \$ 8.59 |
| WTI/Lloyd Blend differential | (U.S. \$/bbl) | \$ 6.04 | \$ 11.63 | \$ 5.88 | \$ 12.27 |
| U.S./Canadian dollar exchange rate | (U.S. \$) | \$ 0.643 | \$ 0.649 | \$ 0.635 | \$ 0.652 |

The price for West Texas Intermediate ("WTI") fluctuated during the second quarter of 2002 between U.S. \$23.48/bbl and U.S. \$29.38/bbl averaging U.S. \$26.25/bbl over the quarter for near-month delivery. WTI spot prices averaged almost U.S. \$2.00/bbl lower in June than in May, however spot prices were rising at the end of June and averaged approximately U.S. \$1.00/bbl higher in the first week of July than the June average.

The NYMEX near-month price for natural gas rose during the second quarter of 2002 reaching a high of U.S. \$3.86/mmbtu on May 14, 2002 and then fluctuated downward during the remainder of the quarter closing the quarter at U.S. \$3.25/mmbtu. The market for natural gas has been volatile as natural gas in storage has remained at higher than usual levels.

The Company's management believes that commodity prices are likely to remain volatile and uncertain.

Results of Operations

UPSTREAM Revenues and Production

Husky's net revenues from upstream operations (after royalties and hedging) increased \$57 million (10 percent) to \$635 million in the second quarter of 2002 from \$578 million in the second quarter of 2001. Total net revenues from upstream operations decreased \$103 million (eight percent) in the first six months of 2002 to \$1,146 million from \$1,249 million in the first six months of 2001.

| Upstream Earnings Summary ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | |
|---|--|----------------------------|--------|--------------------------|----------|
| | | Three months ended June 30 | | Six months ended June 30 | |
| | | 2002 | 2001 | 2002 | 2001 |
| Gross revenues | | \$ 750 | \$ 715 | \$ 1,336 | \$ 1,570 |
| Royalties | | 115 | 137 | 190 | 321 |
| Net revenues | | 635 | 578 | 1,146 | 1,249 |
| Costs and expenses | | 171 | 155 | 323 | 284 |
| EBITDA | | 464 | 423 | 823 | 965 |
| Depletion, depreciation and amortization ("DD&A") | | 202 | 176 | 402 | 350 |
| Operating profit ("EBIT") | | \$ 262 | \$ 247 | \$ 421 | \$ 615 |

⁽¹⁾ 2001 amounts as restated. Refer to note 3 to the consolidated financial statements.

| Net Revenue Variance Analysis ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | |
|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|-----------------|
| | Light/medium crude oil & NGL | Lloydminster heavy crude oil | Natural gas | Other | Total |
| Three months ended June 30, 2001 | \$ 234 | \$ 79 | \$ 261 | \$ 4 | \$ 578 |
| Price changes | 38 | 80 | (137) | 2 | (17) |
| Volume changes | 21 | 24 | 2 | - | 47 |
| Royalties | (2) | (8) | 35 | - | 25 |
| Processing | - | - | - | 2 | 2 |
| Three months ended June 30, 2002 | \$ 291 | \$ 175 | \$ 161 | \$ 8 | \$ 635 |
| Six months ended June 30, 2001 | \$ 475 | \$ 141 | \$ 619 | \$ 14 | \$ 1,249 |
| Price changes | 10 | 128 | (440) | 2 | (300) |
| Volume changes | 27 | 49 | (12) | - | 64 |
| Royalties | 16 | (12) | 128 | - | 132 |
| Processing | - | - | - | 1 | 1 |
| Six months ended June 30, 2002 | \$ 528 | \$ 306 | \$ 295 | \$ 17 | \$ 1,146 |

⁽¹⁾ 2001 amounts as restated. Refer to note 3 to the consolidated financial statements.

| Average Realized Prices | | | | | |
|------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|----------|-----------------------------|----------|
| | | Three months ended June 30 | | Six months ended June 30 | |
| | | 2002 | 2001 | 2002 | 2001 |
| Light/medium crude oil & NGL | (\$/bbl) | \$ 32.42 | \$ 28.86 | \$ 29.30 | \$ 28.79 |
| Lloydminster heavy crude oil | (\$/bbl) | \$ 27.02 | \$ 15.52 | \$ 23.87 | \$ 14.69 |
| Natural gas | (\$/mcf) | \$ 3.98 | \$ 6.57 | \$ 3.54 | \$ 7.82 |

| Royalty Rates | | | | | |
|--|--|-------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|------|
| | | Three months ended June 30 | | Six months ended June 30 | |
| | | 2002 | 2001 | 2002 | 2001 |
| <i>Percentage of upstream sales revenues, before royalties</i> | | | | | |
| Light/medium crude oil & NGL | | 16% | 18% | 15% | 19% |
| Lloydminster heavy crude oil | | 8% | 8% | 8% | 9% |
| Natural gas | | 21% | 24% | 19% | 24% |
| Total | | 15% | 20% | 14% | 21% |

| Daily Production, Before Royalties | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------|-------|-----------------------------|-------|
| | | Three months ended June 30 | | Six months ended June 30 | |
| | | 2002 | 2001 | 2002 | 2001 |
| Light/medium crude oil & NGL | (mbbls/day) | 116.6 | 108.6 | 117.1 | 112.0 |
| Lloydminster heavy crude oil | (mbbls/day) | 76.9 | 60.3 | 76.9 | 58.6 |
| Natural gas | (mmcf/day) | 571.8 | 570.8 | 569.0 | 577.4 |
| Barrels of oil equivalent (6:1) | (mboe/day) | 288.9 | 264.0 | 288.8 | 266.8 |

| Product Mix | | | | |
|--|----------------------------|------|--------------------------|------|
| | Three months ended June 30 | | Six months ended June 30 | |
| <i>Percentage of upstream sales revenues, net of royalties</i> | 2002 | 2001 | 2002 | 2001 |
| Light/medium crude oil & NGL | 46% | 40% | 46% | 38% |
| Lloydminster heavy crude oil | 27% | 15% | 27% | 12% |
| Natural gas | 27% | 45% | 27% | 50% |
| | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% |

The increase in upstream revenues for the second quarter of 2002 compared with the second quarter of 2001 was primarily due to higher production of crude oil and natural gas, higher prices for crude oil and lower natural gas royalties. This positive effect was partially offset by lower prices for natural gas and NGL. During the second quarter of 2002, lower production of light/medium crude oil from properties in Western Canada was more than offset by production from Terra Nova. Production from the Terra Nova oil field, offshore the east coast of Canada, commenced in January, 2002 and averaged over 15 mbbls/day during the second quarter of 2002 (net to Husky). The decrease in the light/medium crude oil & NGL royalty rate in 2002 was mainly due to Terra Nova royalties, which are currently low until recovery of capital expenditures. An eight percent decline in light and medium crude oil production in Western Canada in the second quarter of 2002 compared with the same period in 2001 was mainly due to higher natural declines, capital program delays, an extended spring break-up, delayed tie-ins and higher turnaround and maintenance activity. Lloydminster heavy crude oil production was 28 percent higher in the second quarter of 2002 compared with the same quarter in 2001. The higher Lloydminster production resulted primarily from the 2001/2002 drilling program, an active well optimization/workover program, increased production from cold production wells and the addition of the Bolney/Celtic properties during the third quarter of 2001. Natural gas production in the second quarter of 2002 was the same as in the second quarter of 2001. Realized heavy crude oil prices averaged 74 percent higher during the second quarter of 2002 compared to the same period in 2001. Husky's average realized price for light and medium crude oil and NGL in the second quarter of 2002 was \$32.42/bbl, 12 percent higher than that for the same period in 2001. Realized natural gas prices averaged 39 percent lower during the second quarter of 2002 compared with that for the second quarter in 2001.

The decrease in upstream net revenues for the first six months of 2002 compared with the first six months of 2001 was due to lower natural gas and NGL prices and lower natural gas production, the effects of which were partially offset by lower natural gas royalties. Natural gas production was approximately one percent lower during the first half of 2002 as completion and tie-in of wells from the winter drilling program were delayed.

Netbacks and Operating Costs ⁽¹⁾

| Light/Medium Crude Oil Netbacks ⁽²⁾ | | | | |
|--|----------------------------|----------|--------------------------|----------|
| | Three months ended June 30 | | Six months ended June 30 | |
| <i>Per boe</i> | 2002 | 2001 | 2002 | 2001 |
| Sales revenues | \$ 32.33 | \$ 29.51 | \$ 29.22 | \$ 29.57 |
| Royalties | 4.63 | 5.00 | 3.96 | 5.16 |
| Operating costs | 7.30 | 7.50 | 7.46 | 6.92 |
| Netback | \$ 20.40 | \$ 17.01 | \$ 17.80 | \$ 17.49 |

⁽¹⁾ 2001 amounts as restated. Refer to note 3 to the consolidated financial statements.

⁽²⁾ Includes associated co-products converted to boe.

| Lloydminster Heavy Crude Oil Netbacks ⁽¹⁾ | | | | |
|--|----------------------------|----------|--------------------------|----------|
| | Three months ended June 30 | | Six months ended June 30 | |
| <i>Per boe</i> | 2002 | 2001 | 2002 | 2001 |
| Sales revenues | \$ 27.00 | \$ 15.73 | \$ 23.76 | \$ 15.02 |
| Royalties | 2.25 | 1.54 | 1.92 | 1.41 |
| Operating costs | 6.94 | 8.11 | 6.68 | 8.13 |
| Netback | \$ 17.81 | \$ 6.08 | \$ 15.16 | \$ 5.48 |

| Natural Gas Netbacks ⁽²⁾ | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------|--------------------------|---------|
| | Three months ended June 30 | | Six months ended June 30 | |
| <i>Per mcf</i> | 2002 | 2001 | 2002 | 2001 |
| Sales revenues | \$ 4.05 | \$ 6.42 | \$ 3.62 | \$ 7.61 |
| Royalties | 0.95 | 1.57 | 0.77 | 1.92 |
| Operating costs | 0.71 | 0.57 | 0.64 | 0.50 |
| Netback | \$ 2.39 | \$ 4.28 | \$ 2.21 | \$ 5.19 |

| Total Upstream Netbacks ⁽¹⁾ | | | | |
|--|----------------------------|----------|--------------------------|----------|
| | Three months ended June 30 | | Six months ended June 30 | |
| <i>Per boe</i> | 2002 | 2001 | 2002 | 2001 |
| Sales revenues | \$ 28.21 | \$ 29.59 | \$ 25.25 | \$ 32.21 |
| Royalties | 4.35 | 5.78 | 3.63 | 6.66 |
| Operating costs | 6.19 | 6.19 | 6.03 | 5.75 |
| Netback | \$ 17.67 | \$ 17.62 | \$ 15.59 | \$ 19.80 |

⁽¹⁾ Includes associated co-products converted to boe.

⁽²⁾ Includes associated co-products converted to mcf.

Higher average unit operating cost in the first half of 2002 compared with the same period in 2001 was primarily attributable to production declines in shallow natural gas and mature waterflood properties.

Depletion, Depreciation and Amortization (“DD&A”)

Total upstream DD&A per boe was \$7.69 during the second quarter of 2002 compared with \$7.32 during the same period in 2001. The higher DD&A per boe in the second quarter reflected the proportionately higher capital requirements associated with shallow natural gas, mature waterflood oil properties and the Terra Nova oil field development.

The same factors were responsible for the higher DD&A per boe in the first six months of 2002 compared with the same period in 2001.

MIDSTREAM

EBITDA from midstream operations in the second quarter of 2002 decreased 60 percent to \$55 million from \$137 million in the second quarter of 2001. The decrease in midstream EBITDA was due to a lower upgrading differential and lower throughput. Production of synthetic crude oil at the upgrader was significantly reduced during the quarter as a result of a scheduled full plant turnaround which lasted 16 days in June. Lower earnings from infrastructure and marketing operations were primarily due to lower pipeline throughput.

The same factors affected midstream EBITDA in the first six months of 2002 compared with the same period of 2001 except that higher income from marketing operations partially offset the lower income from pipeline operations.

| Upgrading Operations | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------|--------------------------|--------|-------|
| | Three months ended June 30 | | Six months ended June 30 | | |
| | 2002 | 2001 | 2002 | 2001 | |
| Gross margin | \$ 49 | \$ 142 | \$ 124 | \$ 275 | |
| Operating costs | 38 | 53 | 74 | 122 | |
| Other expenses (recoveries) | (2) | 6 | (3) | 11 | |
| EBITDA | 13 | 83 | 53 | 142 | |
| DD&A | 4 | 5 | 9 | 8 | |
| Operating profit ("EBIT") | \$ 9 | \$ 78 | \$ 44 | \$ 134 | |
| Selected operating data: | | | | | |
| Upgrader throughput ⁽¹⁾ | (mbbls/day) | 58.9 | 75.5 | 67.7 | 74.7 |
| Synthetic crude oil sales | (mbbls/day) | 51.3 | 65.6 | 61.2 | 61.0 |
| Upgrading differential | (\$/bbl) | 10.43 | 19.56 | 9.94 | 20.55 |
| Unit margin | (\$/bbl) | 10.55 | 23.84 | 11.20 | 24.95 |
| Unit operating cost ⁽²⁾ | (\$/bbl) | 7.13 | 7.83 | 6.01 | 9.03 |

⁽¹⁾ Throughput includes diluent returned to the field.

⁽²⁾ Based on throughput.

| Upgrading EBITDA Variance Analysis | |
|---|--------------|
| Three months ended June 30, 2001 | \$ 83 |
| Volume | (34) |
| Differential | (59) |
| Operating costs - energy | 9 |
| Operating costs - non-energy | 6 |
| Other | 8 |
| Three months ended June 30, 2002 | \$ 13 |
| Six months ended June 30, 2001 | \$ 142 |
| Volume | 1 |
| Differential | (152) |
| Operating costs - energy | 42 |
| Operating costs - non-energy | 6 |
| Other | 14 |
| Six months ended June 30, 2002 | \$ 53 |

EBITDA from upgrading operations in the second quarter of 2002 was \$13 million (\$53 million first six months of 2002) compared with \$83 million in the second quarter of 2001 (\$142 million first six months of 2001). The lower upgrading EBITDA in the second quarter and first six months of 2002 compared with the same periods in 2001 was due to a narrower upgrading differential between the price of synthetic crude oil and the cost of blended heavy crude oil feedstock and lower throughput as a result of a full plant turnaround in June, partially offset by lower energy related operating costs.

| Infrastructure and Marketing | | | | |
|---|----------------------------|-------|--------------------------|--------|
| | Three months ended June 30 | | Six months ended June 30 | |
| | 2002 | 2001 | 2002 | 2001 |
| Gross margin - pipeline | \$ 14 | \$ 27 | \$ 30 | \$ 50 |
| - other infrastructure and marketing | 30 | 30 | 72 | 62 |
| | 44 | 57 | 102 | 112 |
| Other expenses | 2 | 3 | 4 | 4 |
| EBITDA | 42 | 54 | 98 | 108 |
| DD&A | 5 | 4 | 9 | 8 |
| Operating profit ("EBIT") | \$ 37 | \$ 50 | \$ 89 | \$ 100 |
| Selected operating data: | | | | |
| Aggregate pipeline throughput (mbbls/day) | 448 | 583 | 458 | 567 |

The lower EBITDA from infrastructure and marketing operations during the second quarter of 2002 compared with the same period in 2001 resulted primarily from lower pipeline throughput and margins due to increased competition for volumes.

During the first six months of 2002, infrastructure and marketing EBITDA was \$98 million compared with \$108 million in the same period in 2001. The decrease in EBITDA in the first half of 2002 was due to substantially the same factors as those affecting the second quarter of 2002 except that higher income from marketing operations partially offset the lower pipeline income.

REFINED PRODUCTS

Husky's total refined products EBITDA was \$30 million for the second quarter of 2002 compared with \$51 million for the second quarter of 2001. Lower margins for asphalt products and motor fuels were partially offset by higher sales volume of gasoline products.

The same factors affected refined products EBITDA in the first six months of 2002 except that higher sales volume of gasoline was offset by lower sales volume of diesel fuels.

| Light Oil Products | | | | |
|--|----------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-------|
| | Three months ended June 30 | | Six months ended June 30 | |
| | 2002 | 2001 | 2002 | 2001 |
| Gross margin - fuel sales | \$ 24 | \$ 25 | \$ 36 | \$ 38 |
| - ancillary sales | 6 | 6 | 12 | 13 |
| | 30 | 31 | 48 | 51 |
| Operating expenses | 7 | 6 | 14 | 13 |
| Other expenses | 6 | 4 | 5 | 7 |
| EBITDA | 17 | 21 | 29 | 31 |
| DD&A | 7 | 6 | 13 | 12 |
| Operating profit ("EBIT") | \$ 10 | \$ 15 | \$ 16 | \$ 19 |
| Selected operating data: | | | | |
| Number of fuel outlets | | | 575 | 584 |
| Fuel sales volume (million litres/day) | 7.4 | 7.3 | 7.3 | 7.4 |
| Refinery throughput (mbbls/day) | 7.7 | 10.7 | 9.3 | 10.8 |

| Asphalt Products | | | | | |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-------|------|
| | Three months ended June 30 | | Six months ended June 30 | | |
| | 2002 | 2001 | 2002 | 2001 | |
| Gross margin | \$ 13 | \$ 30 | \$ 20 | \$ 39 | |
| Other expenses | - | - | 1 | 1 | |
| EBITDA | 13 | 30 | 19 | 38 | |
| DD&A | 1 | 1 | 3 | 3 | |
| Operating profit ("EBIT") | \$ 12 | \$ 29 | \$ 16 | \$ 35 | |
| Selected operating data: | | | | | |
| Sales volume | (mbbls/day) | 20.5 | 20.6 | 19.1 | 17.8 |
| Refinery throughput | (mbbls/day) | 19.9 | 20.5 | 22.5 | 21.3 |

CORPORATE Interest Expense

Net interest expense was \$3 million lower in the first six months of 2002 compared with the same period in 2001. During the first six months of 2002, capitalized interest was \$14 million lower than the same period in 2001 as interest ceased to be capitalized on the Terra Nova project following commencement of production in January 2002.

The Company's average interest rate, including interest rate swaps, during the first six months of 2002 was 5.37 percent compared with 7.11 percent for the same period in 2001.

Foreign Exchange

The Company recorded foreign exchange gains of \$57 million in the first six months of 2002 compared with \$23 million of losses during the same period of 2001, primarily due to a strengthening of the Canadian dollar in 2002. Effective January 1, 2002, due to a change in Canadian generally accepted accounting principles, foreign exchange gains and losses on long-term monetary items are no longer deferred and amortized but are now reflected in the Statement of Earnings in the period they are determined. Foreign exchange for the comparative prior periods presented have been adjusted to reflect this change. The U.S./Canadian exchange rates at June 30, 2002 and December 31, 2001 expressed in Canadian dollars were \$1.5187 and \$1.5926, respectively and at June 30, 2001 and December 31, 2000 were \$1.5177 and \$1.5002, respectively.

Income Taxes

Income tax expense was \$146 million during the first six months of 2002 compared with \$296 million during the same period in 2001. Lower income tax expense in the first six months of 2002 was primarily due to lower pre-tax earnings and to the recognition of a non-recurring adjustment to future income taxes of \$44 million resulting from reductions to the British Columbia and Alberta corporate income tax rates, a reduction in the federal corporate income tax rate for non-resource income and the recognition of additional tax deductions relating to foreign exchange losses of prior years. The same period in 2001 included a non-recurring adjustment to future income taxes of \$42 million resulting from a reduction to the Alberta corporate income tax rate.

Sensitivity Analysis

The following table shows the annual effect on net earnings and cash flow of changes in certain key variables. The analysis is based on business conditions and production volumes during the second quarter of 2002. Each separate item in the sensitivity analysis assumes the others are held constant. While these sensitivities are applicable for the period and magnitude of changes on which they are based, they may not be applicable in other periods, under other economic circumstances or greater magnitudes of change.

| Sensitivity Analysis | | | | | |
|--|--------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|
| Item | Increase | Effect on Pre-tax Cash Flow | | Effect on Net Earnings | |
| | | (\$ millions) | (\$/share) ⁽⁵⁾ | (\$ millions) | (\$/share) ⁽⁵⁾ |
| WTI benchmark crude oil price | U.S. \$1.00/bbl | 94 | 0.22 | 59 | 0.14 |
| NYMEX benchmark natural gas price ⁽¹⁾ | U.S. \$0.20/mmbtu | 39 | 0.09 | 23 | 0.05 |
| Light/heavy crude oil differential ⁽²⁾ | Cdn. \$1.00/bbl | (31) | (0.07) | (19) | (0.04) |
| Light oil margins | Cdn. \$0.005/litre | 14 | 0.03 | 8 | 0.02 |
| Asphalt margins | Cdn. \$1.00/bbl | 8 | 0.02 | 5 | 0.01 |
| Exchange rate (U.S. \$ per Cdn. \$) ⁽³⁾ | U.S. \$0.01 | (42) | (0.10) | (26) | (0.06) |
| Interest rate ⁽⁴⁾ | 1% | (13) | (0.03) | (8) | (0.02) |

⁽¹⁾ Includes decrease in earnings related to natural gas consumption.

⁽²⁾ Includes impact of upstream and upgrading operations only.

⁽³⁾ Assumes no foreign exchange gain or loss. A new accounting standard eliminates the deferral of foreign exchange gains and losses on long-term monetary items. The impact of the Canadian dollar strengthening by U.S. \$0.01 would be an increase of \$18 million in net earnings based on June 30, 2002 U.S. \$ denominated debt levels.

⁽⁴⁾ Interest rate sensitivity based on annual weighted obligations.

⁽⁵⁾ Based on June 30, 2002 common shares outstanding of 417.5 million.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

SUMMARY

During the first six months of 2002, cash available from operating activities amounted to \$855 million, a decrease of \$248 million (22 percent) compared with the same period in 2001. Cash used for investing activities during the first six months of 2002 amounted to \$807 million, an increase of \$120 million compared with the same period in 2001. During the first six months of 2002, cash used for investing activities were comprised of capital expenditures of \$787 million, investment in other assets of \$7 million, corporate acquisitions of \$3 million and a change in non-cash working capital of \$27 million partially offset by sales of assets of \$17 million.

INVESTING ACTIVITIES

Net capital investments during the first six months of 2002 were financed primarily by cash flow from operating activities and through the utilization of existing credit facilities.

| Capital Expenditures | | | | |
|------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| | Three months ended June 30 | | Six months ended June 30 | |
| | 2002 | 2001 | 2002 | 2001 |
| Upstream | | | | |
| Exploration | | | | |
| Western Canada | \$ 37 | \$ 57 | \$ 159 | \$ 135 |
| East Coast Canada | - | 26 | 15 | 39 |
| International | - | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | 37 | 84 | 175 | 175 |
| Development | | | | |
| Western Canada | 119 | 129 | 342 | 300 |
| East Coast Canada | 154 | 28 | 177 | 55 |
| International | 22 | 17 | 41 | 47 |
| | 295 | 174 | 560 | 402 |
| | 332 | 258 | 735 | 577 |
| Midstream | | | | |
| Upgrader | 12 | 3 | 21 | 5 |
| Infrastructure and marketing | 3 | 5 | 10 | 30 |
| | 15 | 8 | 31 | 35 |
| Refined Products | 9 | 5 | 13 | 10 |
| Corporate | 5 | 2 | 8 | 2 |
| | \$ 361 | \$ 273 | \$ 787 | \$ 624 |

Upstream

During the first half of 2002 upstream capital expenditures in Western Canada were \$501 million (second quarter of 2002 - \$156 million). Exploration and development expenditures in the Lloydminster heavy oil area amounted to \$85 million. During the first half of 2002, 126 wells were drilled in the Lloydminster area, of which 122 were completed and equipped. In Western Canada conventional areas 440 wells were drilled, of which 409 were completed and equipped. Exploration spending in Western Canada during the first half of 2002 was \$159 million, or 32 percent of total Western Canada upstream capital expenditures. Exploration focus remained on plays extending from the Alberta foothills and Deep Basin through to northeast British Columbia and northwest Alberta.

During the first half of 2002, \$192 million was spent on offshore East Coast of Canada exploration and development projects, which include White Rose (\$180 million), Terra Nova (\$10 million) and other exploration (\$2 million). The Terra Nova oil field commenced production in January 2002.

During the first half of 2002, \$41 million was spent on the Wenchang oil field development project offshore southern China. This project achieved first oil on July 7, 2002.

| Wells Drilled ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----|----------------------------|------------|-------|-----|--------------------------|------------|-------|-----|
| | | Three months ended June 30 | | | | Six months ended June 30 | | | |
| | | 2002 | | 2001 | | 2002 | | 2001 | |
| | | Gross | Net | Gross | Net | Gross | Net | Gross | Net |
| Western Canada | | | | | | | | | |
| Exploration | Oil | 6 | 6 | 15 | 15 | 12 | 11 | 62 | 60 |
| | Gas | 19 | 18 | 6 | 5 | 107 | 101 | 78 | 73 |
| | Dry | 1 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 10 | 10 | 29 | 28 |
| | | 26 | 25 | 24 | 23 | 129 | 122 | 169 | 161 |
| Development | Oil | 120 | 112 | 132 | 129 | 172 | 156 | 242 | 231 |
| | Gas | 14 | 10 | 19 | 17 | 240 | 226 | 133 | 111 |
| | Dry | 6 | 6 | 8 | 7 | 25 | 24 | 31 | 29 |
| | | 140 | 128 | 159 | 153 | 437 | 406 | 406 | 371 |
| | | 166 | 153 | 183 | 176 | 566 | 528 | 575 | 532 |

⁽¹⁾ Excludes stratigraphic test wells.

Midstream

Midstream capital expenditures for property, plant and equipment during the first half of 2002 were \$31 million including \$21 million for the Husky Lloydminster Upgrader (2001 - \$5 million) and \$10 million for pipeline and cogeneration projects (2001 - \$30 million).

Refined Products

Refined products capital expenditures amounted to \$13 million during the first half of 2002, including \$6 million for marketing outlet improvements, \$1 million on asphalt distribution systems, \$5 million for various improvements at the Lloydminster asphalt refinery and \$1 million at the Prince George refinery compared with total refined product capital expenditures of \$10 million in the first half of 2001.

FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Total debt, net of cash and cash equivalents of \$172 million, was \$2,176 million at June 30, 2002 compared with \$2,192 million at December 31, 2001.

Effective June 14, 2002, the Company issued U.S. \$400 million of 6.25 percent notes under a U.S. \$1 billion base shelf prospectus dated June 6, 2002. See note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Company believes its internally generated liquidity, together with access to external credit resources, will be sufficient to satisfy existing commitments and plans, and also to provide adequate flexibility to take advantage of potential business opportunities.

| Common Share Information | | | Six months ended June 30 | Year ended December 31 |
|--|--|----------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
| | <i>(thousands of shares, except per share amounts)</i> | | 2002 | 2001 |
| | Share price ⁽¹⁾ | High | \$ 17.98 | \$ 20.95 |
| | Low | \$ 14.20 | \$ 13.10 | |
| | Close at end of period | \$ 16.66 | \$ 16.47 | |
| Average daily trading volume | | 520 | 625 | |
| Weighted average number of common shares outstanding | | | | |
| | Basic | 417,225 | 416,100 | |
| | Diluted | 419,313 | 418,640 | |
| Number of common shares outstanding at end of period | | 417,472 | 416,878 | |

⁽¹⁾ Trading in the common shares of Husky Energy Inc. ("HSE") commenced on The Toronto Stock Exchange on August 28, 2000. The Company is represented in the S&P/TSX Composite, S&P/TSX Canadian Energy Sector and in the S&P/TSX 60 indices.

Certain statements contained in this release, including statements which may contain words such as "could", "expect", "believe", "will" and similar expressions and statements relating to matters that are not historical facts are forward-looking statements. Actual future results may differ materially. Husky's annual report to shareholders and other documents filed with securities regulatory authorities describe the risks, uncertainties and other factors, such as changes in business plans and estimated amounts and timing of capital expenditures and changes in estimates of future production, that could influence actual results.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

| <i>(millions of dollars)</i> | June 30 2002 | December 31 2001 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------|
| | <i>(unaudited)</i> | <i>(audited)</i> |
| Assets | | |
| Current assets | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 172 | \$ - |
| Accounts receivable | 418 | 376 |
| Inventories | 244 | 226 |
| Prepaid expenses | 22 | 24 |
| | 856 | 626 |
| Property, plant and equipment - (full cost accounting) | 13,836 | 13,078 |
| Less accumulated depletion, depreciation and amortization | 4,771 | 4,363 |
| | 9,065 | 8,715 |
| Other assets <i>(note 3)</i> | 44 | 29 |
| | \$ 9,965 | \$ 9,370 |
| Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity | | |
| Current liabilities | | |
| Bank operating loans <i>(note 5)</i> | \$ - | \$ 100 |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | 821 | 821 |
| Long-term debt due within one year <i>(note 6)</i> | 172 | 144 |
| | 993 | 1,065 |
| Long-term debt <i>(note 6)</i> | 2,176 | 1,948 |
| Site restoration provision | 237 | 212 |
| Future income taxes <i>(note 8)</i> | 1,772 | 1,659 |
| Shareholders' equity | | |
| Capital securities and accrued return | 349 | 367 |
| Common shares <i>(note 7)</i> | 3,401 | 3,397 |
| Retained earnings | 1,037 | 722 |
| | 4,787 | 4,486 |
| | \$ 9,965 | \$ 9,370 |
| Commitments <i>(note 9)</i> | | |
| Common shares outstanding <i>(millions) (note 7)</i> | 417.5 | 416.9 |

The accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements. 2001 amounts as restated.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS

(unaudited)

| | Three months ended June 30 | | Six months ended June 30 | |
|--|-------------------------------|---------|-----------------------------|---------|
| | 2002 | 2001 | 2002 | 2001 |
| <i>(millions of dollars, except per share amounts)</i> | | | | |
| Sales and operating revenues, net of royalties (note 3) | \$1,659 | \$1,731 | \$3,018 | \$3,511 |
| Costs and expenses | | | | |
| Cost of sales and operating expenses (note 3) | 1,105 | 1,110 | 2,008 | 2,215 |
| Selling and administration expenses | 18 | 23 | 38 | 40 |
| Depletion, depreciation and amortization | 223 | 196 | 444 | 388 |
| Interest - net (note 6) | 24 | 26 | 51 | 54 |
| Foreign exchange (note 3) | (65) | (50) | (57) | 23 |
| Other - net | 2 | 1 | (1) | 4 |
| | 1,307 | 1,306 | 2,483 | 2,724 |
| Earnings before income taxes | 352 | 425 | 535 | 787 |
| Income taxes (note 8) | | | | |
| Current | 6 | 5 | 34 | 10 |
| Future | 83 | 121 | 112 | 286 |
| | 89 | 126 | 146 | 296 |
| Net earnings | \$ 263 | \$ 299 | \$ 389 | \$ 491 |
| Earnings per share (note 11) | | | | |
| Basic | \$ 0.64 | \$ 0.74 | \$ 0.93 | \$ 1.15 |
| Diluted | \$ 0.64 | \$ 0.73 | \$ 0.93 | \$ 1.15 |
| Weighted average number of common shares outstanding (millions) (note 11) | | | | |
| Basic | 417.4 | 415.9 | 417.2 | 415.8 |
| Diluted | 419.6 | 418.3 | 419.3 | 417.9 |

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF RETAINED EARNINGS

(unaudited)

| | Three months ended June 30 | | Six months ended June 30 | |
|---|-------------------------------|--------|-----------------------------|--------|
| | 2002 | 2001 | 2002 | 2001 |
| <i>(millions of dollars)</i> | | | | |
| Beginning of period | \$ 805 | \$ 391 | \$ 722 | \$ 304 |
| Net earnings | 263 | 299 | 389 | 491 |
| Dividends on common shares | (37) | (38) | (75) | (75) |
| Return on capital securities (net of related taxes and foreign exchange) | 6 | 5 | 1 | (12) |
| Foreign exchange (retroactive adjustment) | - | - | - | (51) |
| End of period | \$1,037 | \$ 657 | \$1,037 | \$ 657 |

The accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements. 2001 amounts as restated.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(unaudited)

| | Three months ended June 30 | | Six months ended June 30 | |
|--|-------------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------|--------------|
| (millions of dollars, except per share amounts) | 2002 | 2001 | 2002 | 2001 |
| Operating activities | | | | |
| Net earnings | \$ 263 | \$ 299 | \$ 389 | \$ 491 |
| Items not affecting cash | | | | |
| Depletion, depreciation and amortization | 223 | 196 | 444 | 388 |
| Future income taxes | 83 | 121 | 112 | 286 |
| Foreign exchange - non cash (note 3) | (71) | (54) | (70) | 15 |
| Other | - | (1) | (4) | 1 |
| Cash flow from operations | 498 | 561 | 871 | 1,181 |
| Change in non-cash working capital (note 10) | (2) | (113) | (16) | (78) |
| | 496 | 448 | 855 | 1,103 |
| Financing activities | | | | |
| Bank operating loans financing - net | (120) | (53) | (100) | (27) |
| Long-term debt issue | 772 | - | 972 | - |
| Long-term debt repayment | (535) | (1) | (646) | (303) |
| Return on capital securities payment | - | - | (16) | (15) |
| Debt issue costs | (7) | - | (7) | - |
| Deferred credits | - | 3 | - | - |
| Proceeds from exercise of stock options | 1 | 2 | 4 | 2 |
| Dividends on common shares | (37) | (38) | (75) | (75) |
| Change in non-cash working capital (note 10) | (5) | 71 | (8) | 2 |
| | 69 | (16) | 124 | (416) |
| Available for investing | 565 | 432 | 979 | 687 |
| Investing activities | | | | |
| Capital expenditures | (361) | (273) | (787) | (624) |
| Corporate acquisitions | (1) | (29) | (3) | (34) |
| Asset sales | 5 | 9 | 17 | 36 |
| Other assets | (9) | 2 | (7) | 3 |
| Change in non-cash working capital (note 10) | (27) | (141) | (27) | (68) |
| | (393) | (432) | (807) | (687) |
| Increase in cash and cash equivalents | 172 | - | 172 | - |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | - | - | - | - |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | \$ 172 | \$ - | \$ 172 | \$ - |
| Cash flow from operations per share (note 11) | | | | |
| Basic | \$ 1.18 | \$ 1.33 | \$ 2.05 | \$ 2.80 |
| Diluted | \$ 1.17 | \$ 1.32 | \$ 2.04 | \$ 2.79 |

The accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements. 2001 amounts as restated.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Six months ended June 30, 2002 (unaudited)

Except where indicated and per share amounts, all dollar amounts are in millions of Canadian dollars.

Note 1 Segmented Financial Information

| | Upstream | | Midstream | | | | Refined Products | | Corporate and Eliminations ⁽⁴⁾ | | Total | |
|--|----------|----------|-----------|--------|------------------------------|----------|------------------|--------|---|------------|----------|----------|
| | | | Upgrading | | Infrastructure and Marketing | | | | 2002 | 2001 | | |
| | 2002 | 2001 | 2002 | 2001 | 2002 | 2001 | 2002 | 2001 | 2002 | 2001 | | |
| Three months ended June 30⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sales and operating revenues, net of royalties | \$ 635 | \$ 578 | \$ 195 | \$ 259 | \$ 958 | \$ 839 | \$ 322 | \$ 345 | \$ (451) | \$ (290) | \$ 1,659 | \$ 1,731 |
| Costs and expenses ⁽²⁾ | 171 | 155 | 182 | 176 | 916 | 785 | 292 | 294 | (501) | (326) | 1,060 | 1,084 |
| EBITDA | 464 | 423 | 13 | 83 | 42 | 54 | 30 | 51 | 50 | 36 | 599 | 647 |
| Depletion, depreciation and amortization | 202 | 176 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 8 | 7 | 4 | 4 | 223 | 196 |
| Operating profit ("EBIT") | \$ 262 | \$ 247 | \$ 9 | \$ 78 | \$ 37 | \$ 50 | \$ 22 | \$ 44 | 46 | 32 | 376 | 451 |
| Interest - net | | | | | | | | | 24 | 26 | 24 | 26 |
| Earnings (loss) before income taxes | | | | | | | | | 22 | 6 | 352 | 425 |
| Current income taxes | | | | | | | | | 6 | 5 | 6 | 5 |
| Future income taxes | | | | | | | | | 83 | 121 | 83 | 121 |
| Net earnings (loss) | | | | | | | | | \$ (67) | \$ (120) | \$ 263 | \$ 299 |
| Capital expenditures - Three months ended June 30 | \$ 332 | \$ 258 | \$ 12 | \$ 3 | \$ 3 | \$ 5 | \$ 9 | \$ 5 | \$ 5 | \$ 2 | \$ 361 | \$ 273 |
| Six months ended June 30⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sales and operating revenues, net of royalties | \$ 1,146 | \$ 1,249 | \$ 416 | \$ 484 | \$ 1,910 | \$ 2,431 | \$ 553 | \$ 646 | \$ (1,007) | \$ (1,299) | \$ 3,018 | \$ 3,511 |
| Costs and expenses ⁽²⁾ | 323 | 284 | 363 | 342 | 1,812 | 2,323 | 505 | 577 | (1,015) | (1,244) | 1,988 | 2,282 |
| EBITDA | 823 | 965 | 53 | 142 | 98 | 108 | 48 | 69 | 8 | (55) | 1,030 | 1,229 |
| Depletion, depreciation and amortization | 402 | 350 | 9 | 8 | 9 | 8 | 16 | 15 | 8 | 7 | 444 | 388 |
| Operating profit ("EBIT") | \$ 421 | \$ 615 | \$ 44 | \$ 134 | \$ 89 | \$ 100 | \$ 32 | \$ 54 | - | (62) | 586 | 841 |
| Interest - net | | | | | | | | | 51 | 54 | 51 | 54 |
| Earnings (loss) before income taxes | | | | | | | | | (51) | (116) | 535 | 787 |
| Current income taxes | | | | | | | | | 34 | 10 | 34 | 10 |
| Future income taxes | | | | | | | | | 112 | 286 | 112 | 286 |
| Net earnings (loss) | | | | | | | | | \$ (197) | \$ (412) | \$ 389 | \$ 491 |
| Capital expenditures - Six months ended June 30 | \$ 735 | \$ 577 | \$ 21 | \$ 5 | \$ 10 | \$ 30 | \$ 13 | \$ 10 | \$ 8 | \$ 2 | \$ 787 | \$ 624 |
| Identifiable assets - As at June 30 ⁽³⁾ | \$ 7,668 | \$ 6,799 | \$ 617 | \$ 572 | \$ 411 | \$ 390 | \$ 321 | \$ 320 | \$ 948 | \$ 963 | \$ 9,965 | \$ 9,044 |

⁽¹⁾ 2001 amounts as restated.

⁽²⁾ Costs and expenses include cost of sales and operating expenses, selling and administration expenses, foreign exchange and other - net.

⁽³⁾ Identifiable assets by segment are the total assets specifically attributable to those operations at June 30. Corporate accounts include accounts receivable, inventories, prepaid expenses, other assets and corporate assets.

⁽⁴⁾ Eliminations relate to sales and operating revenues between segments recorded at transfer prices based on current market prices, and to unrealized intersegment profits in inventories.

Note 2 Significant Accounting Policies

The interim consolidated financial statements of Husky Energy Inc. (“Husky” or “the Company”) have been prepared by management in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Canada. The interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared following the same accounting policies and methods of computation as the consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2001, except as noted below. The interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto in the Company’s annual report for the year ended December 31, 2001. Certain information provided for prior periods has been reclassified to conform with current presentation.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consists of cash on hand and deposits with a maturity of less than three months.

Note 3 Accounting Changes

Effective January 1, 2002, the Company retroactively adopted the revised recommendations of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants on Foreign Currency Translation. The new recommendations eliminated the deferral and amortization of foreign exchange gains and losses on long-term monetary items. This change resulted in a reduction of retained earnings at January 1, 2001 of \$51 million. This change also resulted in a reduction to other assets of \$133 million, a reduction to the future income tax liability of \$36 million and an increase to capital securities of \$17 million as at December 31, 2001. Net earnings for the six months ended June 30, 2001 were reduced by \$5 million and retained earnings were reduced by \$8 million, which included an adjustment to the accrued return on the capital securities.

In 2001 and previously, the Company presented certain crown charges as a component of operating expenses. These charges have been reclassified as royalties for 2002 and for all comparative periods presented in these financial statements. There is no impact on the earnings or cash flow of the Company as a result of this change.

Note 4 Financial Instruments and Risk Management

Interest Rate Risk

The Company has entered into interest rate swap arrangements whereby the fixed interest rate coupon on certain debt was swapped to floating rates with the following terms:

| Debt | Amount (millions) | Swap Maturity | Swap Rate (%) |
|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| 6.875% notes | U.S. \$ 35 | November 15, 2003 | U.S. LIBOR - 13 bps |
| 6.95% medium-term notes | \$200 | July 14, 2009 | CDOR + 175 bps |
| 7.125% notes | U.S. \$150 | November 15, 2006 | U.S. LIBOR + 235 bps |
| 7.55% debentures | U.S. \$200 | November 15, 2011 | U.S. LIBOR + 194 bps |
| 6.25% senior notes | U.S. \$150 | June 15, 2012 | U.S. LIBOR + 88 bps |

During the first six months of 2002, the Company recognized a gain of \$12 million from interest rate management activities (2001 - nil).

Sale of Accounts Receivable

The Company has an agreement to sell trade receivables of up to \$220 million on a continual basis. The agreement calls for purchase discounts, based on Canadian commercial paper rates, to be paid on an ongoing basis. The average effective rate during the first six months of 2002 was 2.60 percent (first six months 2001 - 5.67 percent). The Company has potential exposure to an immaterial amount of credit loss under this agreement. At June 30, 2002, \$220 million of trade receivables had been sold under the agreement.

Note 5 Bank Operating Loans

At June 30, 2002 the Company did not have any outstanding bank operating loans compared with \$100 million at December 31, 2001. The Company has \$195 million in short-term borrowing facilities available to it. The interest rates applicable to these facilities vary and are based on Canadian prime, Bankers' Acceptance, money market rates or U.S. dollar equivalents.

Note 6 Long-term Debt

| | | | | June 30 | Dec. 31 |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|-------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | | | Maturity | 2002 | 2001 |
| Long-term debt | | | | | |
| Revolving syndicated credit facility | -2001 | U.S. \$116 | 2006 | \$ - | \$ 185 |
| 6.25% notes | -2002 | U.S. \$400 | 2012 | 607 | - |
| 6.875% notes | -2002 & 2001 | U.S. \$150 | 2003 | 228 | 239 |
| 7.125% notes | -2002 & 2001 | U.S. \$150 | 2006 | 228 | 239 |
| 7.55% debentures | -2002 & 2001 | U.S. \$200 | 2016 | 304 | 318 |
| 8.45% senior secured bonds | -2002 | U.S. \$168; | | | |
| | 2001 | U.S. \$173 | 2002-12 | 255 | 276 |
| Private placement notes | -2002 | U.S. \$83; | | | |
| | 2001 | U.S. \$85 | 2003-5 | 126 | 135 |
| Medium-term notes | | | 2002-9 | 600 | 700 |
| Total long-term debt | | | | 2,348 | 2,092 |
| Amount due within one year | | | | (172) | (144) |
| | | | | \$ 2,176 | \$ 1,948 |

At June 30, 2002, the Company did not have any borrowings under the Company's syndicated credit facility. During the second quarter the amount of this facility was reduced from \$1 billion to \$940 million. Interest rates under the facility vary based on Canadian prime, Bankers' Acceptance, U.S. LIBOR or U.S. base rate, depending on the borrowing option selected, credit ratings assigned by certain rating agencies to the Company's senior unsecured debt and whether the facility is revolving or non-revolving.

Effective June 14, 2002 the Company issued U.S. \$400 million of 6.25 percent notes due June 15, 2012. The notes were priced to yield 6.312 percent. Net proceeds from the issue were used to repay bank indebtedness and for general corporate purposes. The notes are redeemable at the option of the Company at any time. Interest is payable semi-annually. The notes were issued under a base shelf prospectus dated June 6, 2002 filed with securities regulatory authorities in Canada and the United States. The prospectus permits Husky to offer for sale, from time to time, up to U.S. \$1 billion of debt securities during the 25 months from June 6, 2002. The notes rank on equal footing with other unsecured indebtedness of the Company.

Interest - net consists of:

| | Three months ended June 30 | | Six months ended June 30 | |
|--------------------|-------------------------------|-------|-----------------------------|-------|
| | 2002 | 2001 | 2002 | 2001 |
| Long-term debt | \$ 29 | \$ 37 | \$ 60 | \$ 77 |
| Short-term debt | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| | 30 | 38 | 62 | 79 |
| Amount capitalized | (4) | (12) | (10) | (24) |
| | 26 | 26 | 52 | 55 |
| Interest income | (2) | - | (1) | (1) |
| | \$ 24 | \$ 26 | \$ 51 | \$ 54 |

Note 7 Share Capital

The Company's authorized share capital consists of an unlimited number of no par value common and preferred shares. Changes to issued share capital during 2002 were as follows:

| | Number of Common Shares | Amount |
|---|----------------------------|-----------------|
| Balance at December 31, 2001 | 416,878,093 | \$ 3,397 |
| Exercised for cash - options and warrants | 593,465 | 4 |
| Balance at June 30, 2002 | 417,471,558 | \$ 3,401 |

As the Company follows the intrinsic value method of accounting for stock-based compensation, no compensation cost has been recognized for its fixed stock option plan. Had compensation cost for the Company's stock option plan been determined based on the fair value at the grant dates for awards under the plan after January 1, 2002, the Company's pro-forma net earnings and earnings per share would have been the same as those reported.

The weighted average fair market value of options granted in the first six months of 2002 was \$5.99 per option. The fair value of each option granted was estimated on the date of grant using the Modified Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following assumptions:

| Modified Black-Scholes Assumptions | |
|------------------------------------|------------|
| Risk-free interest rate | 3.5% |
| Volatility | 45% |
| Expected life | Five years |
| Expected annual dividend per share | \$0.36 |

A summary of the status of the Company's fixed stock option plan and changes during 2002 is presented below:

| Fixed Options | Three months ended June 30, 2002 | | Six months ended June 30, 2002 | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|
| | Number of Shares (thousands) | Weighted Average Exercise Prices | Number of Shares (thousands) | Weighted Average Exercise Prices |
| Outstanding, beginning of period | 8,413 | \$13.84 | 8,602 | \$13.78 |
| Granted | 129 | \$16.40 | 329 | \$16.32 |
| Exercised | (80) | \$13.63 | (243) | \$13.58 |
| Forfeited | (153) | \$14.36 | (379) | \$14.19 |
| Outstanding, June 30 | 8,309 | \$13.87 | 8,309 | \$13.87 |
| Options exercisable at June 30 | | | 2,742 | \$13.79 |

At June 30, 2002, the options outstanding had exercise prices ranging from \$11.16 to \$19.76 with a weighted average contractual life of 3.2 years.

Shares potentially issuable on the settlement of the capital securities have not been included in the determination of diluted earnings and cash flow per share, as the Company has neither the obligation nor intention to settle amounts due through the issue of shares.

Note 8

Income Taxes

Income tax expense in the first six months of 2002 included a non-recurring adjustment to future income taxes of \$44 million resulting from reductions to the British Columbia and Alberta corporate income tax rates, a reduction in the federal corporate income tax rate for non-resource income and the recognition of additional tax deductions relating to foreign exchange losses of prior years. The same period in 2001 included a non-recurring adjustment to future income taxes of \$42 million resulting from a reduction to the Alberta corporate income tax rate.

Note 9

Commitments

The Company has awarded various contracts for the construction of the floating production, storage and offloading vessel and several other components of the White Rose development project with expected completion dates in 2005.

Note 10
Cash Flows

| | Three months ended June 30 | | Six months ended June 30 | |
|---|-------------------------------|----------|-----------------------------|---------|
| | 2002 | 2001 | 2002 | 2001 |
| a) Changes in non-cash working capital were as follows: | | | | |
| Decrease (increase) in non-cash working capital | | | | |
| Accounts receivable | \$ 115 | \$ 114 | \$ (38) | \$ 106 |
| Inventories | (17) | (35) | (18) | (48) |
| Prepaid expenses | 4 | (1) | 2 | (1) |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | (136) | (261) | 3 | (201) |
| Change in non-cash working capital | (34) | (183) | (51) | (144) |
| Relating to: | | | | |
| Financing activities | (5) | 71 | (8) | 2 |
| Investing activities | (27) | (141) | (27) | (68) |
| Operating activities | \$ (2) | \$ (113) | \$ (16) | \$ (78) |
| b) Other cash flow information: | | | | |
| Cash taxes paid | \$ - | \$ 5 | \$ 14 | \$ 13 |
| Cash interest paid | \$ 35 | \$ 37 | \$ 70 | \$ 73 |

Note 11
Net Earnings and Cash Flow from Operations Per Common Share

| | Three months ended June 30 | | Six months ended June 30 | |
|---|-------------------------------|---------|-----------------------------|----------|
| | 2002 | 2001 | 2002 | 2001 |
| Cash flow from operations | \$ 498 | \$ 561 | \$ 871 | \$ 1,181 |
| Return on capital securities | (7) | (7) | (15) | (16) |
| Cash flow from operations available to common shareholders | \$ 491 | \$ 554 | \$ 856 | \$ 1,165 |
| Net earnings | \$ 263 | \$ 299 | \$ 389 | \$ 491 |
| Return on capital securities (net of related taxes and foreign exchange) | 6 | 7 | - | (12) |
| Net earnings available to common shareholders | \$ 269 | \$ 306 | \$ 389 | \$ 479 |
| Weighted average number of common shares outstanding - Basic (millions) | 417.4 | 415.9 | 417.2 | 415.8 |
| Effect of dilutive stock options and warrants | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 2.1 |
| Weighted average number of common shares outstanding - Diluted (millions) | 419.6 | 418.3 | 419.3 | 417.9 |
| Cash flow from operations | | | | |
| Per share - Basic | \$ 1.18 | \$ 1.33 | \$ 2.05 | \$ 2.80 |
| - Diluted | \$ 1.17 | \$ 1.32 | \$ 2.04 | \$ 2.79 |
| Net earnings | | | | |
| Per share - Basic | \$ 0.64 | \$ 0.74 | \$ 0.93 | \$ 1.15 |
| - Diluted | \$ 0.64 | \$ 0.73 | \$ 0.93 | \$ 1.15 |

Terms and Abbreviations

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| bbls | barrels |
| mbbls | thousand barrels |
| mbbls/day | thousand barrels per day |
| mmbbls | million barrels |
| mcf | thousand cubic feet |
| mmcf | million cubic feet |
| mmcf/day | million cubic feet per day |
| bcf | billion cubic feet |
| tcf | trillion cubic feet |
| boe | barrels of oil equivalent |
| mboe | thousand barrels of oil equivalent |
| mboe/day | thousand barrels of oil equivalent per day |
| mmboe | million barrels of oil equivalent |
| mcfe | thousand cubic feet of gas equivalent |
| GJ | gigajoule |
| mmbtu | million British Thermal Units |
| mmlt | million long tons |
| NGL | natural gas liquids |
| hectare | 1 hectare is equal to 2.47 acres |
| Capital Expenditures | Includes capitalized administrative expenses and capitalized interest but does not include proceeds or other assets |
| Cash Flow from Operations | Earnings from operations plus non-cash charges |
| EBIT | Earnings from operations before interest and taxes (operating profit) |
| EBITDA | Earnings from operations before interest, income taxes and depletion, depreciation and amortization |
| Equity | Capital securities and accrued return, shares and retained earnings |
| Free Cash Flow | Cash flow from operations less capitalized administration and capitalized interest |
| Total Debt | Long-term debt including current portion and short-term |
| Cold Production | A production process that achieves high recovery rates through the use of progressive cavity pumps, which simultaneously produce heavy oil and sand from unconsolidated formations. |

Natural gas converted on the basis that six mcf equals one barrel of oil.

In this report, the terms “Husky Energy Inc.,” “Husky” or “the Company” mean Husky Energy Inc. and its subsidiaries and partnership interests on a consolidated basis.

Husky Energy will host a conference call for analysts and investors on Thursday, August 1, 2002 at 4:15 p.m. Eastern time to discuss Husky’s second quarter results. To participate, please dial 1-888-568-1774 beginning at 4:05 p.m. Eastern time. Media are invited to participate in the call on a listen-only basis by dialing 1-888-568-1403 beginning at 4:05 p.m.

Those who are unable to listen to the call live may listen to a recording of the call by dialing 1-800-558-5253 one hour after the completion of the call, approximately 6:15 p.m. Eastern time, then dialing reservation number 20737262. The PostView will be available until Thursday, August 8, 2002.

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